The official Atmel site documentation for their atmega168 chip specifies three "Ports" (B, C and D), each Port having from 6 to 8 numbered pins. (The example below is reproduced from the company website specification sheet.) Accordingly, pin 11 of the chip is labeled "PD5" meaning: Port D, Pin 5, whereas pin 16 of the chip is labeled "PB2" meaning: Port B, Pin 2. Leaving aside the pins reserved for specific functions (such as reset, power and ground) this gives the atmega168 chip 20 lines of I/O. (Note: several of these are used by the LCD screen which is optional.)

Pin 1 is for reset

"RX & TX" reserved for serial communication

6 Analog pins (0-5)

Arduino			Arduino
reset	(PCINT14/RESET) PC6 □ 1	28 □ PC5 (ADC5/SCL/PCINT13)	analog input 5
digital pin 0 (RX)	(PCINT16/RXD) PD0 □ 2	27 □ PC4 (ADC4/SDA/PCINT12)	analog input 4
digital pin 1 (TX)	(PCINT17/TXD) PD1 □ 3	26 □ PC3 (ADC3/PCINT11)	analog input 3
digital pin 2	(PCINT18/INT0) PD2 □ 4	25 □ PC2 (ADC2/PCINT10)	analog input 2
digital pin 3 (PWM)	(PCINT19/OC2B/INT1) PD3 □ 5	24 □ PC1 (ADC1/PCINT9)	analog input 1
digital pin 4	(PCINT20/XCK/T0) PD4 □ 6	23 □ PC0 (ADC0/PCINT8)	analog input 0
VCC	VCC □ 7	22 □ GND	GND
GND	GND □ 8	21 □ AREF	analog reference
crystal	(PCINT6/XTAL1/TOSC1) PB6 □ 9	20 □ AVCC	VCC
crystal	(PCINT7/XTAL2/TOSC2) PB7 □ 10	19 □ PB5 (SCK/PCINT5)	digital pin 13
digital pin 5 (PWM)	(PCINT21/OC0B/T1) PD5 □ 11	18 □ PB4 (MISO/PCINT4)	digital pin 12
digital pin 6 (PWM)	(PCINT22/OC0A/AIN0) PD6 □ 12	17 □ PB3 (MOSI/OC2A/PCINT3)	digital pin 11(PWM)
digital pin 7	(PCINT23/AIN1) PD7 □ 13	16 □ PB2 (SS/OC1B/PCINT2)	digital pin 10 (PWM)
digital pin 8	(PCINT0/CLKO/ICP1) PB0 □ 14	15 □ PB1 (OC1A/PCINT1)	digital pin 9 (PWM)